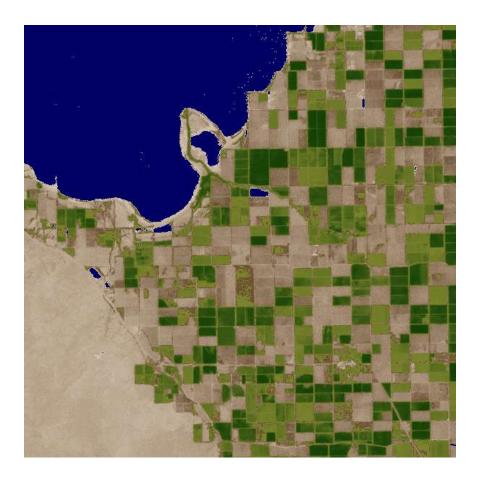
PRODUCT GUIDE

LANDSAT SURFACE REFLECTANCE-DERIVED SPECTRAL INDICES



Version 3.6

December 2017



Executive Summary

This document describes relevant characteristics of the Spectral Indices products derived from Landsat Surface Reflectance to facilitate use in the land remote sensing community.

Document History

Document Version	Publication Date	Change Description
Version 1.0	11/10/2013	Initial Draft
Version 1.1	12/01/2013	Revised after Peer Review
Version 1.2	12/17/2013	Corrected typographical error on page 15
Version 2.0	03/28/2014	Revised to accommodate new file format options
Version 2.1	07/24/2014	Updated ESPA product access and product packaging
Version 2.2	08/05/2014	Revised HDF file characteristics
Version 2.3	09/16/2014	Corrected typographical error in EVI equation.
Version 2.4	12/23/2014	Added Provisional Landsat 8 Surface Reflectance information (product guide references, SI equation updates.)
Version 2.5	03/06/2015	Updated default EarthExplorer file format output information. Replaced Appendix D Metadata Fields with example directly from XML metadata file.
Version 2.6	04/03/2015	Corrected typo in Landsat 8 Enhanced Vegetation Index (EVI) equation.
Version 2.7	6/26/2015	Updated URLS in Source Products and added L8SR comparison images. Revised Data Access.
Version 2.8	12/01/2015	Corrected minor typos and revised the formatting of citations. Added details pertaining to values >+1.0 or <-1.0 being set to 10000 and -10000, respectively. Updated "User Services" section with correct information. Updated "File Characteristics" appendix to be more accurate.
Version 2.9	03/01/2016	Fixed broken hyperlink to L8SR product guide. Updated Default File Characteristics (Appendix A).
Version 3.0	07/01/2016	Updated reference and links to Landsat 8 Surface Reflectance Code (LaSRC) algorithm product and product guide. Added unavailability notice of LaSRC products between 2016-050 and 2016-058 due to MODIS Terra safe mode.
Version 3.1	10/07/2016	Added NetCDF file format. Added unavailable data range for L4-7 SR products.
Version 3.2	12/07/2016	Replaced links to Landsat Missions Website
Version 3.3	12/13/2016	Corrected typographical error in EVI formula

Version 3.4	03/31/2017	Added Landsat Collection 1 examples in product section(s) and appendices. Removed "Provisional" from all Surface Reflectance algorithms (C1 only.) Updated caveats to reflect most up-to-date SR data gap information found on Landsat website. Added pixel_qa band (C1 only.) Updated acknowledgements.
Version 3.5	04/06/2017	Removal of Pre-Collection Landsat information.
Version 3.6	12/04/2017	Added "top of atmosphere" before "brightness temperature" to clarify that BT products are not atmospherically corrected.

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Section 1 Introduction

Landsat satellite data have been produced, archived, and distributed by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) since 1972. Users rely on these data for historical study of land surface change, but shoulder the burden of post-production processing to create applications-ready data sets. In compliance with guidelines established through the Global Climate Observing System, USGS has embarked on production of higher-level Landsat data products to support land surface change studies. One such product is Surface Reflectance, from which spectral indices can be derived to further the ease of user application in land remote sensing science.

USGS is currently offering these 30-meter (m) Landsat Surface Reflectance-derived spectral indices products for Landsat 4–5 Thematic Mapper (TM), Landsat 7 Enhanced Thematic Mapper Plus (ETM+), and Landsat 8 Operational Land Imager (OLI)/Thermal Infrared Sensor (TIRS):

- Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)
- Enhanced Vegetation Index (EVI)
- Soil Adjusted Vegetation Index (SAVI)
- Modified Soil Adjusted Vegetation Index (MSAVI)
- Normalized Difference Moisture Index (NDMI)
- Normalized Burn Ratio (NBR)
- Normalized Burn Ratio 2 (NBR2)

This product guide describes the characteristics of each product, as well as data access and available user services.

Section 2 Caveats and Constraints

The spectral indices products are under the same constraints as the source Landsat Surface Reflectance products.

- 1. The following date ranges apply to the availability of the Landsat archive for spectral indices processing, with the exceptions noted below.
 - Landsat 4 TM: July 1982 to December 1993
 - Landsat 5 TM: March 1984 to May 2012
 - Landsat 7 ETM+: April 1999 to within one week of present
 - Landsat 8 OLI/TIRS (LC8 or LC08): March 2013 to within one week of present
- 2. Spectral indices can only be processed on day-lit scenes (descending node).
- 3. Landsat 4 TM scenes processed through the National Landsat Archive Processing System (NLAPS) cannot be used to generate spectral indices products. NLAPS scenes are formatted and calibrated differently than those processed through the standard Landsat Product Generation System (LPGS).
 - A list of known NLAPS scenes can be found online (https://landsat.usgs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/L4-5TM NLAPS.xlsx).

NLAPS-based scenes will be automatically removed from user orders. The order status will be updated with this action and the remaining scenes will continue processing.

- 4. Landsat 7 ETM+ scenes acquired on the day of the Scan Line Corrector (SLC) failure (May 31, 2003) cannot be used to generate spectral indices products. See https://landsat.usgs.gov/using-landsat-7-data for information on Landsat 7 SLC-off data products.
- 5. Landsat 7 ETM+ SLC-off inputs (acquired after May 31, 2003) are not gap-filled in spectral indices production.
- 6. For some time periods, Surface Reflectance cannot be run due to missing auxiliary data. The most up-to-date information regarding data gaps is in the "Caveats and Constraints" section of https://landsat.usgs.gov/landsat-surface-reflectance-high-level-data-products.
- 7. Spectral indices cannot be processed for products not on the WRS-2 system.
- 8. Spectral indices products may have increased uncertainties, inherited from the Surface Reflectance source data, in areas where atmospheric correction is affected by adverse conditions, including:
 - Hyper-arid or snow-covered regions
 - Low sun angle conditions
 - Coastal regions where land area is small relative to adjacent water

- Areas with extensive cloud contamination
- 9. Surface Reflectance is not run on scenes with a solar zenith angle greater than or equal to 76 degrees.
- 10. Users are cautioned against requesting spectral indices products for areas in high latitudes (> 65 degrees North or South).
- 11. Spectral indices products do not carry any quality information, however, saturated pixels are identified in the outputs. Surface Reflectance data products and the pixel quality assurance band (pixel_qa) can be utilized to obtain quality information for the scene.
- 12. Any pixel values resulting in a spectral index less than/equal to -1.0 will be set to -10000, and a spectral index greater than/equal to +1.0 will be set to 10000 in the output product.

Section 3 Source Products

The spectral indices products are derived from Landsat 4-5 Thematic Mapper (TM), Landsat 7, and Landsat 8 Surface Reflectance data.

Landsat 4-7 Surface Reflectance data are generated from specialized software called Landsat Ecosystem Disturbance Adaptive Processing System (LEDAPS). LEDAPS was originally developed through a National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) Making Earth System Data Records for Use in Research Environments (MEaSUREs) grant by NASA Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC) and the University of Maryland (Masek et al., 2006). The software applies Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) atmospheric correction routines to Level-1 Landsat TM or ETM+ data. Water vapor, ozone, geopotential height, aerosol optical thickness, and digital elevation are input with Landsat data to Second Simulation of a Satellite Signal in the Solar Spectrum (6S) radiative transfer models to generate Top of Atmosphere (TOA) Reflectance, Surface Reflectance, TOA Brightness Temperature, and masks for clouds, cloud shadows, adjacent clouds, land, and water. The result is delivered as the Landsat 4-7 Surface Reflectance product, the characteristics of which are described in a separate product guide:

https://landsat.usgs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ledaps_product_guide.pdf.

The LEDAPS code is maintained by the USGS Earth Resources Observation and Science (EROS) Center as open source software and is available at https://github.com/USGS-EROS/espa-surface-reflectance/tree/master/ledaps. LEDAPS is implemented in the USGS EROS Science Processing Architecture (ESPA) as fundamental input to the development of higher level data products such as burned area, surface water extent, and snow covered area. Generation of many of these higher level data products requires further processing of Surface Reflectance to spectral indices.





Figure 3-1 Example of LEDAPS atmospheric correction. Left, Top of Atmosphere (TOA) Reflectance composite (bands 3,2,1) for Landsat-7 ETM+ image of San Francisco Bay (July 7, 1999); Right, Surface Reflectance composite. Both images are linearly scaled from p = 0.0 to 0.15.

Surface Reflectance for Landsat 8 is generated using the Landsat 8 Surface Reflectance Code (LaSRC) algorithm. LaSRC is distinctly different from the LEDAPS algorithm to process Landsat 4–5 and Landsat 7 Surface Reflectance data.

Details about LaSRC are described in its Product Guide: https://landsat.usgs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/lasrc_product_guide.pdf.



Figure 3-2: Example of LaSRC atmospheric correction. Left, Top of Atmosphere (TOA) Reflectance composite (bands 4,3,2) for Landsat 8 image of Northwest Washington State (October 14,2013); Right, Surface Reflectance composite.

Section 4 Product Access

Landsat Spectral Indices can be requested on the USGS Earth Resources Observation and Science (EROS) Center Science Processing Architecture (ESPA) On Demand Interface: https://espa.cr.usgs.gov.

Details about the ESPA On Demand Interface can be found in the ESPA On-Demand Interface User Guide:

https://landsat.usgs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/espa_odi_userguide.pdf.

Section 5 Product Packaging

Surface Reflectance data acquired from EarthExplorer will are supplied in a gzip file (".tar.gz"). Unzipping this file produces a tarball (".tar"), and then will untar to a GeoTIFF (".tif") file. Each GeoTIFF filename has the suffix "_sr_" after the sceneID to denote the Surface Reflectance transformation.

Files acquired from ESPA will are supplied in a gzip file (".tar.gz"). Unzipping this file produces a tarball (".tar"), and then will untar to GeoTIFF (".tif") (default), HDF-EOS2 (".hdf"), NetCDF (".nc") or ENVI binary (".img") files. The naming convention used in these products builds on the filenames of the Landsat original input scenes. An example breaking down the components of a typical Landsat product is:

LXSS_LLLL_PPPRRR_YYYYMMDD_yyyymmdd_CX_TX_prod_band.ext (e.g., LE07_L1TP_039037_20080728_20170314_01_T1_sr_ndvi.tif)

```
L
      Landsat
Χ
      Sensor ("E" = ETM+; "T" = TM)
      Satellite ("07" = Landsat 7; "05" = Landsat 5; "04" = Landsat 4)
SS
LLLL Processing correction level ("L1TP" = Precision Terrain; "L1GT" =
      Systematic Terrain; "L1GS" = Systematic)
PPP Path
RRR Row
YYYY Year of acquisition
      Month of acquisition
MM
DD
      Day of acquisition
yyyy Year of processing
      Month of processing
mm
      Day of processing
dd
CX
      Collection number ("01", "02", etc.)
      Collection category ("RT" = Real-Time; "T1" = Tier 1; "T2" = Tier 2)
TX
prod Product, such as "toa" or "sr"
band Band, such as "band<1-7>," "qa," or spectral index.
      File format extension, such as "tif," "tfw," "xml," "hdf," "hdr," "nc," or "img"
ext
```

Section 6 Product Characteristics

6.1 Vegetation Indices (VI)

The vegetation indices options include NDVI, EVI, SAVI, and MSAVI. Products are generated at 30-m spatial resolution on a Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) or Polar Stereographic (PS) mapping grid. The default file format is GeoTIFF, but options for delivery in Hierarchical Data Format (HDF) and binary are available through the ESPA Ordering Interface. Likewise, processing services can be requested such as reprojection and spatial sub-setting. Temporal coverage varies depending on the selected sensor, with the exceptions noted in **Section 2 Caveats and Constraints**.

6.1.1 Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)

NDVI is calculated as a ratio between the red (R) and near infrared (NIR) values in traditional fashion.

NDVI is a single band product specified as shown in the table below. A full listing of all associated metadata fields is found in Appendix D.

Attribute	Value
Long Name	Normalized Difference Vegetation Index
Short Name	LC8NDVI, LE7NDVI, LT5NDVI, or LT4NDVI
Data Type	Signed 16-bit Integer
Units	Spectral Index (Band Ratio)
Valid Range	-10,000 — 10,000
Fill Value	-9999
Saturate Value	20,000
Scale Factor	*0.0001

6.1.2 Enhanced Vegetation Index (EVI)

EVI incorporates an "L" value to adjust for canopy background, "C" values as coefficients for atmospheric resistance, and values from the blue band (B). These enhancements allow for index calculation as a ratio between the R and NIR values, while reducing the background noise, atmospheric noise, and saturation in most cases.

$$EVI = G * ((NIR - R) / (NIR + C1 * R - C2 * B + L))$$

```
In Landsat 4-7, EVI = 2.5 * ((Band 4 - Band 3) / (Band 4 + 6 * Band 3 - 7.5 * Band 1 + 1)). In Landsat 8, EVI = 2.5 * ((Band 5 - Band 4) / (Band 5 + 6 * Band 4 - 7.5 * Band 2 + 1)).
```

EVI is a single band product specified as shown in the table below. A full listing of all associated metadata fields is found in Appendix D.

Table 6-2 EVI Specifications

Attribute	Value
Long Name	Enhanced Vegetation Index
Short Name	LC8EVI, LE7EVI, LT5EVI, or LT4EVI
Data Type	Signed 16-bit Integer
Units	Spectral Index (Band Ratio)
Valid Range	-10,000 – 10,000
Fill Value	-9999
Saturate Value	20,000
Scale Factor	*0.0001

6.1.3 Soil Adjusted Vegetation Index (SAVI)

SAVI is calculated as a ratio between the R and NIR values with a soil brightness correction factor (L) defined as 0.5 to accommodate most land cover types.

SAVI is a single band product specified as shown in the table below. A full listing of all associated metadata fields is found in Appendix D.

Table 6-3 SAVI Specifications

Attribute	Value
Long Name	Soil Adjusted Vegetation Index
Short Name	LC8SAVI, LE7SAVI, LT5SAVI, or LT4SAVI
Data Type	Signed 16-bit Integer
Units	Spectral Index (Band Ratio)
Valid Range	-10,000 – 10,000
Fill Value	-9999
Saturate Value	20,000
Scale Factor	*0.0001

6.1.4 Modified Soil Adjusted Vegetation Index (MSAVI)

MSAVI is calculated as a ratio between the R and NIR values with an inductive L function applied to maximize reduction of soil effects on the vegetation signal.

$$(2 * NIR + 1 - sqrt ((2 * NIR + 1)^2 - 8 * (NIR - R))) / 2$$

In Landsat 4-7,
MSAVI = $(2 * Band 4 + 1 - sqrt ((2 * Band 4 + 1)^2 - 8 * (Band 4 - Band 3))) / 2.$
In Landsat 8.

 $MSAVI = (2 * Band 5 + 1 - sqrt ((2 * Band 5 + 1)^2 - 8 * (Band 5 - Band 4))) / 2.$

MSAVI is a single band product specified as shown in the table below. A full listing of all associated metadata fields is found in Appendix D.

Table 6-4 MSAVI Specifications

Attribute	Value
Long Name	Modified Soil Adjusted Vegetation Index
Short Name	LC8MSAVI, LE7MSAVI, LT5MSAVI, or LT4MSAVI
Data Type	Signed 16-bit Integer
Units	Spectral Index (Band Ratio)
Valid Range	-10,000 – 10,000
Fill Value	-9999
Saturate Value	20,000
Scale Factor	*0.0001

6.2 Normalized Difference Moisture Index (NDMI)

NDMI is calculated as a ratio between the NIR and SWIR values in traditional fashion.

In Landsat 4-7,

NDMI = (Band 4 - Band 5) / (Band 4 + Band 5).

In Landsat 8,

NDMI = (Band 5 - Band 6) / (Band 5 + Band 6).

NDMI is a single band product specified as shown in the table below. A full listing of all associated metadata fields is found in Appendix D.

Table 6-5 NDMI Specifications

Attribute	Value
Long Name	Normalized Difference Moisture Index
Short Name	LC8NDMI, LE7NDMI, LT5NDMI, or LT4NDMI
Data Type	Signed 16-bit Integer
Units	Spectral Index (Band Ratio)
Valid Range	-10,000 — 10,000
Fill Value	-9999
Saturate Value	20,000
Scale Factor	*0.0001

6.3 Normalized Burn Ratio (NBR)

NBR is calculated as a ratio between the NIR and SWIR values in traditional fashion.

```
(NIR - SWIR) / (NIR + SWIR)

In Landsat 4-7,

NBR = (Band 4 - Band 7) / (Band 4 + Band 7).

In Landsat 8,

NBR = (Band 5 - Band 7) / (Band 5 + Band 7).
```

NBR is a single band product specified as shown in the table below. A full listing of all associated metadata fields is found in Appendix D.

Table 6-6 NBR Specifications

Attribute	Value
Long Name	Normalized Burn Ratio
Short Name	LC8NBR, LE7NBR, LT5NBR, or LT4NBR
Data Type	Signed 16-bit Integer
Units	Spectral Index (Band Ratio)
Valid Range	-10,000 — 10,000
Fill Value	-9999
Saturate Value	20,000
Scale Factor	*0.0001

6.4 Normalized Burn Ratio 2 (NBR2)

NBR2 is calculated as a ratio between the SWIR values, substituting the SWIR1 band for the NIR band used in NBR to highlight sensitivity to water in vegetation.

```
(SWIR1 - SWIR2) / (SWIR1 + SWIR2)
```

```
In Landsat 4-7,
NBR2 = (Band 5 – Band 7) / (Band 5 + Band 7).
```

In Landsat 8, NBR2 = (Band 6 - Band 7) / (Band 6 + Band 7).

NBR2 is a single band product specified as shown in the table below. A full listing of all associated metadata fields is found in Appendix D.

Table 6-7 NBR2 Specifications

Attribute	Value	
Long Name	Normalized Burn Ratio 2	
Short Name	LC8NBR2, LE7NBR2, LT5NBR2, or LT4NBR2	
Data Type	Signed 16-bit Integer	
Units	Spectral Index (Band Ratio)	
Valid Range	-10,000 — 10,000	
Fill Value	-9999	
Saturate Value	20,000	
Scale Factor	*0.0001	

6.5 Pixel Quality Assurance

A Pixel Quality Assurance (pixel_qa) band is provided with all Collection 1-derived Spectral Indices products. Each pixel_qa band is provided for Landsat 4-5 and Landsat 7 (**Table 6-8**) as well as Landsat 8 (**Table 6-9**) data. The band is in unsigned 16-bit format, whose values are bit-packed and provide information pertaining to a pixel condition of fill, clear, water, cloud shadow, snow, cloud (yes/no), cloud confidence and cirrus cloud confidence (Landsat 8 only.)

Table 6-8 Pixel Quality Assurance (pixel_qa) for Landsat 4-5 and Landsat 7

Bit	Value	Cumulative Sum	Interpretation
0	1	1	Fill
1	2	3	Clear
2	4	7	Water
3	8	15	Cloud shadow
4	16	31	Snow
5	32	63	Cloud
6	64	127	Cloud Confidence 00 = None 01 = Low
7	128	255	10 = Low 10 = Medium 11 = High
8	256	511	Unused
9	512	1023	Unused
10	1024	2047	Unused
11	2048	4095	Unused
12	4096	8191	Unused
13	8192	16383	Unused
14	16384	32767	Unused
15	32786	65553	Unused

Table 6-9 Pixel Quality Assurance (pixel_qa) for Landsat 8

Bit	Value	Cumulative Sum	Interpretation
0	1	1	Fill
1	2	3	Clear
2	4	7	Water
3	8	15	Cloud shadow
4	16	31	Snow
5	32	63	Cloud
6	64	127	Cloud Confidence 00 = None 01 = Low
7	128	255	10 = Medium 11 = High
8	256	511	Cirrus Confidence 00 = Not set
9	512	1023	O1 = Low from OLI Band 9 reflectance 10 = Medium from OLI Band 9 reflectance 11 = High from OLI Band 9 reflectance
10	1024	2047	Unused
11	2048	4095	Unused
12	4096	8191	Unused
13	8192	16383	Unused
14	16384	32767	Unused
15	32786	65553	Unused

Section 7 Citation Information

There are no restrictions on the use of these high-level Landsat products. It is not a requirement of data use, but please include the following citation in publication or presentation materials based on these products to acknowledge the USGS as a data source, and to credit the original research.

Landsat Spectral Indices products courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey Earth Resources Observation and Science Center.

For Landsat 4-5 TM or Landsat 7 ETM+:

Masek, J.G., Vermote, E.F., Saleous, N., Wolfe, R., Hall, F.G., Huemmrich, F., Gao, F., Kutler, J., and Lim, T.K. (2006). A Landsat surface reflectance data set for North America, 1990-100, IEEE Geoscience and Remote Sensing Letters. 3:68-72.

For Landsat 8 OLI/TIRS:

Vermote, E., Justice, C., Claverie, M., & Franch, B. (2016). Preliminary analysis of the performance of the Landsat 8/OLI land surface reflectance product. Remote Sensing of Environment, 185, 46-56.

Reprints or citations of papers or oral presentations based on USGS data are welcome at the User Services addresses included in this guide. Such cooperation will help USGS stay informed of how the data are being used.

Section 8 Acknowledgments

The original LEDAPS software was developed by Eric Vermote, Nazmi Saleous, Jonathan Kutler, and Robert Wolfe with support from the NASA Terrestrial Ecology program (Principal Investigator: Jeff Masek). Subsequent versions were adapted by Dr. Feng Gao (GSFC/ERT Corp.) with support from the NASA Advancing Collaborative Connections for Earth System Science (ACCESS) and the USGS Landsat Programs.

The original Landsat 8 Surface Reflectance Code (LaSRC) algorithm was developed by Dr. Eric Vermote, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC).

Section 9 User Services

Landsat high-level products and associated interfaces are supported by User Services staff at USGS EROS. Any questions or comments regarding data products or interfaces are welcomed through the Landsat "Contact Us" online correspondence form: https://landsat.usgs.gov/contact. E-mail can also be sent to the customer service address included below, with the same indication of topic.

USGS User Services
https://landsat.usgs.gov/contact-custserv@usgs.gov

User support is available Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. – 4:00 p.m. Central Time. Inquiries received outside of these hours will be addressed during the next business day.

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Appendix A Default File Characteristics

Table 11-0-1 Default File Characteristics

EVI enhanced vegetation index, MSAVI modified soil adjusted vegetation index, NBR normalized burn ratio, NBR2 normalized burn ratio 2, NDMI normalized difference moisture index, NDVI normalized difference vegetation index, SAVI soil adjusted vegetation index

NOTE: A Landsat 7 ETM+ Collection 1 product ID is used only as an example. Landsat 4-5 TM and Landsat 8 OLI/TIRS files have similar characteristics.

Description	Example	Example File Name
	File Size	
	(bytes)	
EVI data file	119,336,079	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_sr_evi.tif
MSAVI data file	119,336,079	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_sr_msavi.tif
NBR data file	119,336,079	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_sr_nbr.tif
NBR2 data file	119,336,079	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_sr_nbr2.tif
NDMI data file	119,336,079	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_sr_ndmi.tif
NDVI data file	119,336,079	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_sr_ndvi.tif
SAVI data file	119,336,079	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_sr_savi.tif
Level 1	65,535	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_MTL.txt
Metadata		
Level 1 Angle	34,885	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_ANG.txt
Coefficients		
Pixel Quality	119,336,079	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_pixel_qa.tif
Assurance		
Per-Pixel Solar	119,336,079	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_solar_azimuth_band4.tif
Azimuth Angle		
band		
Per-Pixel Solar	119,336,079	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_solar_zenith_band4.tif
Zenith Angle		
band		
Per-Pixel	119,336,079	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_sensor_zenith_band4.tif
Sensor Zenith		
Angle band		
Per-Pixel	119,336,079	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1_sensor_azimuth_band4.tif
Sensor Azimuth		
Angle band		
Metadata	25,556	LE07_L1TP_023028_20110907_20160913_01_T1.xml

Appendix B HDF File Characteristics

Table 12-0-1 Default File Characteristics

EVI enhanced vegetation index, MSAVI modified soil adjusted vegetation index, NA not applicable, NBR normalized burn ratio, NBR2 normalized burn ratio 2, NDMI normalized difference moisture index, NDVI normalized difference vegetation index, SAVI soil adjusted vegetation index

NOTE: A Landsat 5 TM Collection 1 product ID is used only as an example. Landsat 4 TM, Landsat 7 ETM+, and Landsat 8 OLI/TIRS files have similar characteristics.

NOTE: An ".img" file is included for each Science Data Set within an HDF file because each band is stored as an external SDS.

Descriptio n	Example File Size (bytes)	Example File Name	Science Data Sets
Spectral Indices data file	27,572	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1.hdf	SDS1 ndvi SDS2 evi SDS3 ndmi SDS4 savi SDS5 msavi SDS6 nbr SDS7 nbr2 SDS7 pixel_qa SDS8 solar_azimuth_ban d4 SDS9 solar_azimuth_ban d4 SDS10 solar_azimuth_ban d4 SDS11 solar_azimuth_ban d4
Spectral Indices Bands (7)	117,156,66 2	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1_sr_*_h df.img	NA
Spectral Indices Bands header file	709	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1.hdf.hdr	NA
Level 1 Metadata file (1)	65,535	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1_MTL.tx t	NA
Level 1 Ground Control Points file (1)	65,535	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1_GCP.t xt	NA
Level 1 Geometric Verification Points file (1)	161,319	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1_VER.tx t	NA
Level 1 Geometric	351,057	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1_VER.jp g	NA

Verification Points preview image (1)			
Level 1 Angle Coefficients file (1)	27,572	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1_ANG.t xt	NA
Spectral Indices Metadata file (1)	6,699	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1.xml	NA

Appendix C Binary File Characteristics

Table 13-0-1 Binary File Characteristics

EVI enhanced vegetation index, MSAVI modified soil adjusted vegetation index, NBR normalized burn ratio, NBR2 normalized burn ratio 2, NDMI normalized difference moisture index, SAVI soil adjusted vegetation index

NOTE: A Landsat 4 TM product ID is used only as an example. Landsat 5 TM, Landsat 7 ETM+, and Landsat 8 OLI/TIRS files have similar characteristics.

Description	Example File Size (bytes)	Example File Name
EVI Band	112,857,082	LT04_L1TP_023028_19821212_20161004_01_T1_sr_evi.img
EVI data header file	350	LT04_L1TP_023028_19821212_20161004_01_T1_sr_evi.hdr
MSAVI Band	112,857,082	LT04_L1TP_023028_19821212_20161004_01_T1_sr_msavi.img
MSAVI data header	364	LT04_L1TP_023028_19821212_20161004_01_T1_sr_msavi.hdr
file		
NBR Band	112,857,082	LT04_L1TP_023028_19821212_20161004_01_T1_sr_nbr.img
NBR data header file	346	LT04_L1TP_023028_19821212_20161004_01_T1_sr_nbr.hdr
NBR2 Band	112,857,082	LT04_L1TP_023028_19821212_20161004_01_T1_sr_nbr2.img
NBR2 Band header file	348	LT04_L1TP_023028_19821212_20161004_01_T1_sr_nbr2.hdr
NDMI Band	112,857,082	LT04_L1TP_023028_19821212_20161004_01_T1_sr_ndmi.img
NDMI Band header file	361	LT04_L1TP_023028_19821212_20161004_01_T1_sr_ndmi.hdr
NDVI Band	112,857,082	LT04_L1TP_023028_19821212_20161004_01_T1_sr_ndvi.img
NDVI Band header file	363	LT04 L1TP 023028 19821212 20161004 01 T1 sr ndvi.hdr
SAVI Band	112,857,082	LT04 L1TP 023028 19821212 20161004 01 T1 sr savi.img
SAVI Band header file	355	LT04 L1TP 023028 19821212 20161004 01 T1 sr savi.hdr
Level 1 Metadata file	65,535	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1_MTL.txt
(1)	,	
Level 1 Ground	65,535	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1_GCP.txt
Control Points file (1)		
Level 1 Geometric	161,319	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1_VER.txt
Verification Points file		
(1)		
Level 1 Geometric	351,057	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1_VER.jpg
Verification Points		
preview image (1)	07.570	
Level 1 Angle	27,572	LT05_L1TP_018034_19850920_20161004_01_T1_ANG.txt
Coefficients file (1)	20.020	
Metadata	30,828	LT04_L1TP_023028_19821212_20161004_01_T1.xml

Appendix D Metadata Fields

Example of global XML metadata:

```
<global metadata>
    <data provider>USGS/EROS</data provider>
    <satellite>LANDSAT 8</satellite>
    <instrument>OLI_TIRS</instrument>
    <acquisition date>2013-06-28</acquisition date>
    <scene center time>18:40:39.8204854Z</scene center time>
    <level1_production_date>2017-03-09T15:01:34Z</level1_production_date>
    <solar_angles zenith="24.733788" azimuth="131.660614" units="degrees"/>
    <wrs system="2" path="43" row="31"/>
    <lpgs_metadata_file>
LC08 L1TP 043031 20130628 20170309 01 T1 MTL.txt</lpgs metadata file>
    <corner location="UL" latitude="42.801350" longitude="-120.700400"/>
    <corner location="LR" latitude="40.691440" longitude="-117.783500"/>
    <br/>bounding coordinates>
      <west>-120.700594</west>
      <east>-117.783319</east>
      <north>42.858456</north>
      <south>40.638480</south>
    </bounding_coordinates>
    <corner_point location="UL" x="197400.000000" y="4745400.000000"/>
      <corner point location="LR" x="433800.000000" v="4504800.000000"/>
      <grid origin>CENTER</grid origin>
      <utm_proj_params>
        <zone_code>11</zone_code>
      </utm proj params>
    <orientation_angle>0.000000</orientation_angle>
  </global_metadata>
```

Example of per-band XML metadata:

Appendix E Acronyms

Acronym	Description
6S	Second Simulation of a Satellite Signal in the Solar Spectrum
C1	Collection 1
CDR	Climate Data Record
DDV	Dark Dense Vegetation
DIR	Directory
DOI	Department of the Interior
ECV	Essential Climate Variable
ENVI	Exelis Visual Information Solutions
EROS	Earth Resources Observation and Science
ESPA	EROS Science Processing Architecture
ETM+	Enhanced Thematic Mapper Plus
EVI	Enhanced Vegetation Index
GCOS	Global Climate Observing System
GeoTIFF	Geographic Tagged Image File Format
GSFC	Goddard Space Flight Center
HDF-EOS2	Hierarchical Data Format – Earth Observing System (version 2)
HDR	Header
INT	Signed Integer
LaSRC	Landsat 8 Surface Reflectance Code
LDOPE	Land Data Operational Product Evaluation
LEDAPS	Landsat Ecosystem Disturbance Adaptive Processing System
LPGS	Landsat Product Generation System
LSB	Least Significant Bit
MATLAB	Matrix Laboratory
m	meter
MEaSUREs	Making Earth System Data Records for Use in Research Environments
MODIS	Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer
MSAVI	Modified Soil Adjusted Vegetation Index
MSB	Most Significant Bit
NA	Not Applicable
NASA	National Aeronautic and Space Administration
NBR	Normalized Burn Ratio
NBR2	Normalized Burn Ratio 2
NC	NetCDF File Format
NDMI	Normalized Difference Moisture Index
NDVI	Normalized Difference Vegetation Index
NLAPS	National Landsat Archive Processing System
OLI	Operational Land Imager
PS	Polar Stereographic
QA	Quality Assurance

SAVI	Soil Adjusted Vegetation Index
SLC	Scan Line Corrector
SR	Surface Reflectance
TIRS	Thermal Infrared Sensor
TM	Thematic Mapper
TOA	Top of Atmosphere
UINT	Unsigned Integer
USGS	U.S. Geological Survey
UTM	Universal Transverse Mercator
xml	Extensible Markup Language